

# Agenda

- What is the CTP 2040?
- 2. Vision and Framework for California's Transportation System
- 3. The Transportation System
- 4. Modeling Theoretical Transportation Scenarios
- 5. Achieving Success
- 6. What's Next





# What is the CTP 2040?



# What is the CTP 2040?

A statewide, long-range transportation plan that:

- Is done every 5 years with a 20-year horizon
- Defines goals, policies, and strategies and the future statewide, multimodal transportation system
- Integrates statewide modal plans
- Builds upon Regional Transportation Plans and Sustainable Communities Strategies
- Analyzes future alternatives and policies using robust modeling tools





# Federal Legislation

### 23 CFR 450.200

Federal regulations that requires each state to carry out a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive statewide multimodal transportation planning process, including the development of a long-range transportation plan and statewide transportation improvement program (STIP).

### 23 USC 135

This federal law requires the development of a statewide long-range transportation plan and statewide transportation program for all areas of the State. It requires the State to develop statewide long-range transportation plan with a minimum 20-year forecast period, which provides for the development and implementation of the State's intermodal transportation system.





# State Legislation

- AB 32, the Global Warming Solution Act of 2006, requires reduction of greenhouse gas emissions to 1990 levels by 2020.
- SB 375 requires sustainable communities strategies (SCS).
- **SB 391** requires Caltrans to update the CTP every five years to show how to achieve statewide greenhouse gas emission (GHG) reduction consistent with Executive Order S-3-05.
- AB 857 State Planning Priorities requires equity, economy, & environment be considered in all planning.
- **SB 743** changes the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) criteria to implement GHG emissions reduction.
- Executive Order S-3-05 calls for emissions to be reduced to 80% below 1990 levels by 2050.





# Why it is Important

- Better understand interregional travel patterns and promote system cohesiveness
- Summary of trends, challenges and themes from around the State
- 3. Forum to elevate issues to policy and decision makers and better coordination in general
- Models what kind of system is needed to reach California's GHG reduction goals





# Why it is Important

Reducing Greenhouse Gases: Shared Responsibilities SB 375 (Steinberg) and SB 391 (Liu)



- Delivering better projects
- Using resources more efficiently





# CTP Chapters

Chapter 1 Vision and Framework for

California's Transportation System

Chapter 2 The Transportation System

Chapter 3 Modeling Theoretical

**Transportation Scenarios** 

Chapter 4 Achieving Success





# **Appendices**

- 1. Performance Measures
- 2. Transportation System and Non Motorized Facilities
- 3. Strategies and Performance Measures for Achieving Success
- 4. Trends and Opportunities
- 5. Native American
- 6. Revenues and Expenditures
- 7. Technical Analysis
- 8. Recommendations Matrix







# The CTP 2040 Vision

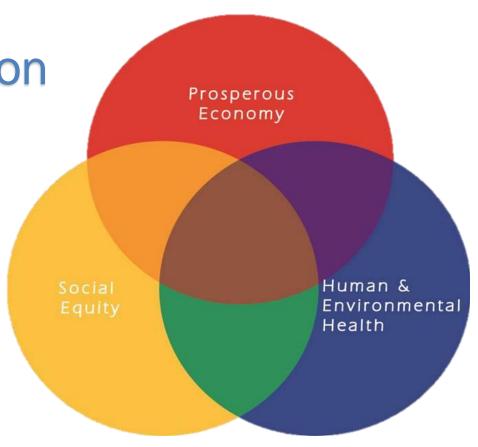
California's transportation system is safe, sustainable, universally accessible, and globally competitive. It provides reliable and efficient mobility for people, goods, and services, while meeting the State's greenhouse gas emission reduction goals and preserving the unique character of California's communities.





# CTP – The Next 25 Years

Key to this vision is the 3 Es of sustainability:









# THE VISION SUSTAINABILITY

Prosperous Economy

Human & Environmental Health

California's transportation system is safe, sustainable, and globally competitive. It provides reliable and efficient mobility and accessibility for people, goods, and services while meeting our greenhouse gas emission reduction goals and preserving community character. This integrated, connected, and resilient multimodal system supports a prosperous economy, human and environmental health, and social equity.

### THE GOALS

Improve
Multimodal
Mobility and
Accessibility
for All People

Preserve the Multimodal Transportation System Support a Vibrant Economy

Improve Public Safety and Security Foster Livable and Healthy Communities and Promote

Expand

Engagement in

Multimodal

Transportation

Planning and

**Decision Making** 

Practice Environmental Stewardship

### THE POLICIES

#### **POLICY 1**

Manage and Operate an Efficient Integrated System

#### **POLICY 1**

Apply
Sustainable
Preventative
Maintenance
and
Rehabilitation
Strategies

#### POLICY 1

Support
Transportation
Choices to
Enhance
Economic
Activity

#### POLICY

Reduce Fatalities, Serious Injuries, and Collisions

#### POLICY 1

6

Integrate Environmental Considerations in All Stages of Planning and Implementation

#### **POLICY 2**

Invest Strategically to Optimize System Performance

#### POLICY 2

Evaluate Multimodal Life Cycle Costs in Project Decision Making

#### **POLICY 2**

Enhance Freight Mobility, Reliability, and Global Competitiveness

#### POLICY 2

Provide for System Security, Emergency Preparedness, Response, and Recovery

#### POLICY

Integrate Multimodal Transportation and Land Use Development

#### POLICY 2

Conserve and Enhance Natural, Agricultural, and Cultural Resources

#### **POLICY 3**

Provide Viable and Equitable Multimodal Choices Including Active Transportation

#### POLICY 3

Adapt the Transportation System to Reduce Impacts from Climate Change

#### POLICY 3

Seek
Sustainable
and Flexible
Funding to Maintain
and Improve the
System

#### POLICY 3

Integrate Health and Social Equity in Transportation Planning and Decision Making

#### **POLICY 3**

Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Other Air Pollutants

#### **POLICY 4**

Transform to a Clean and Energy Efficient Transportation System









# Modal Plans

### **INTEGRATES MODAL PLANS**

















# Programs

# **INTEGRATES STATEWIDE PROGRAMS**



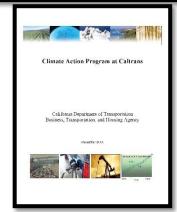






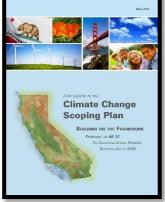
CALIFORNIA ESSENTIAL HABITAT CONNECTIVITY PROJECT

CLIMATE ACTION PROGRAM



**Smart Mobility FRAMEWORK** 





CLIMATE CHANGE
SCOPING PLAN





# Regional Transportation Plans

# INTEGRATES REGIONAL PLANS AND SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES STRATEGIES















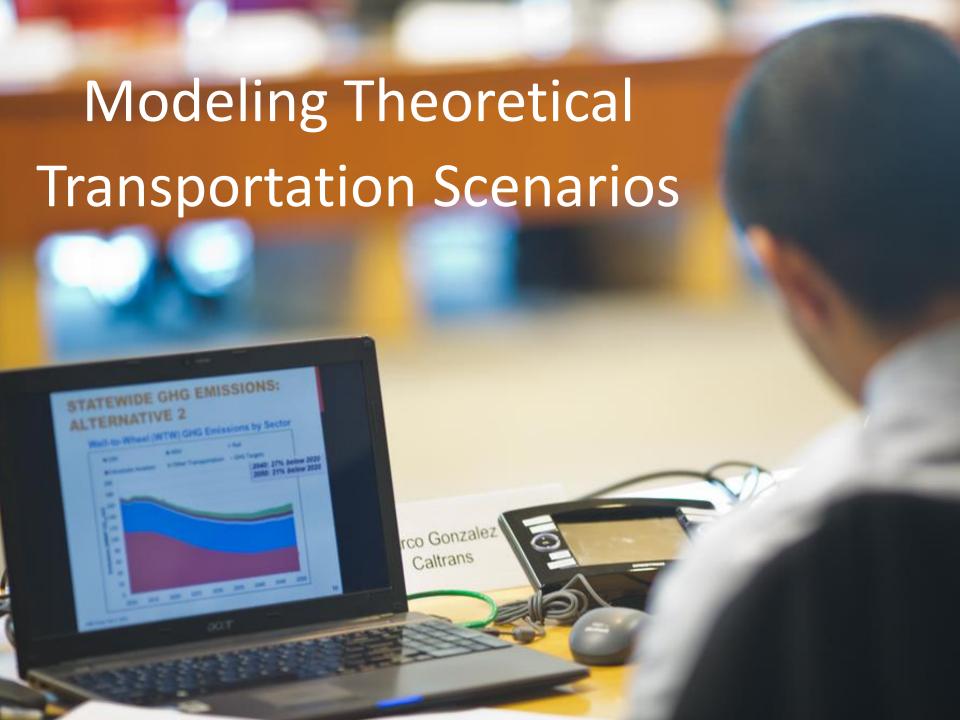


# The Transportation System

- Statewide
- Tribal
- Regional and Local
- Opportunities and Challenges
  - Demographic trends
  - Uptick in walking, biking, transit
  - Per capita VMT
  - Technology







## SB 391

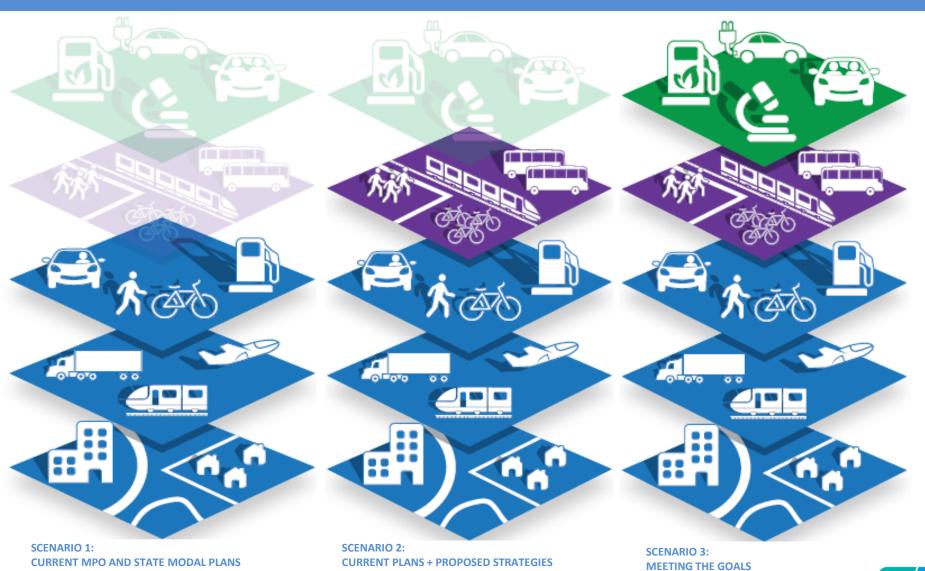
How will the state achieve maximum feasible emission reductions in order to meet:

- 1990 GHG levels by 2020 (AB 32)
- 80% below 1990 by 2050 (Gov. EO)





# **CTP Scenarios**





# Scenario 1: MPO and State Modal Plans





### **Components:**

- MPO Sustainable Communities
   Strategies land use and
   transportation plans, effective
   Spring 2013.
- Caltrans' Modal Plans, including
  - Aviation
  - Freight
  - Interregional Transportation
  - Rail
  - Transit
- The current mix of fuel efficiency and vehicle technology were determined by the ARB Advanced Clean Cars and In-Use Standards.



### Scenario 2: Current Plans and Proposed Strategies



### **Components:**

- MPO Sustainable Communities
   Strategies (same as Scenario 1).
- Caltrans' Modal Plans (same as Scenario 1).
- Fuel and vehicle technologies (same as Scenario 1).
- CTP 2040 package of GHG reduction transportation strategies.





	CATEGORY / STRATEGY	ASSUMPTION	EVALUATION METHOD: SOURCE	VMT REDUCTION (ESTIMATED)
M	DEMAND MANAGEMENT			
1	Telecommute/ Work at Home	2.1% increase in work at home rate	Off-Model: SACOG	-0.39%
2	Increased carpoolers	5% increase in carpool vehicles	Off-Model: Calculated using CSTDM data	-2.9%
3	Increased Car Sharing	Net 5% increase in adoption rates short distance travel	Off-Model: MTC, ARB Draft Policy Brief	-1.1%





	CATEGORY / STRATEGY	ASSUMPTION	EVALUATION METHOD: SOURCE	VMT REDUCTION (ESTIMATED)
	MODE SHIFT			
4	Transit Service Improvements (Urban and Intercity – rail, bus and ferry)	Transit speeds increased by 50%; headways doubled, free transfers, reduced transfer wait times	CSTDM	-6% (includes Transit Service Improvements and HSR fare reductions)
5	High-Speed Rail	Maximize incentives for High-Speed Rail Ridership	CSTDM	Included as part of transit service improvements
6	Bus Rapid Transit	Ridership change from converting Local Bus Routes to BRT	Off Model: TCRP 118, CSTDM Data	-0.07%
7	Expand Bike	Doubled bicycle shares	Off Model: CSTDM Data	-0.41%
8	Expand Pedestrian	Double walk shares	Off Model: CSTDM Data	-0.43%
9	Carpool Lane Occupancy Requirements	Increase minimum 2+ occupancy to 3+	CSTDM	-0.80%
10	Increased HOV Lanes	Added HOV lanes, Interregional connectors; Fill missing gaps (mixed flow lanes converted to HOV)	Off Model; Estimate	-1.0%





	CATEGORY / STRATEGY	ASSUMPTION	EVALUATION METHOD: SOURCE	VMT REDUCTION (ESTIMATED)
5 <u>**</u>	TRAVEL COST			
11	Implement Expanded Pricing Policies	Utilize pricing and vehicle fees to fund infrastructure improvements, manage congestion and improve roadways	CSTDM	-17%





	CATEGORY / STRATEGY	ASSUMPTION	EVALUATION METHOD: SOURCE	VMT REDUCTION (ESTIMATED)
	OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY			
12	Incident/Emergency Management	Implementation of Caltrans System Management and Operations Plan	Off Model: Caltrans	-1.0% equivalent VMT savings
13	Caltrans' (TMS) Master Plan	Implementation of TMS Master Plan	Off Model: Caltrans	-1.2% equivalent VMT saving s
14	ITS/TSM	Implementation of ITS/TSM strategies	Off Model: SACOG	-0.62%
15	Eco-driving	Reduced fuel consumption through changes in driving habits	Off Model: ARB Policy Brief	-0.23% equivalent VMT savings





# Scenario 3: Meeting the Goals



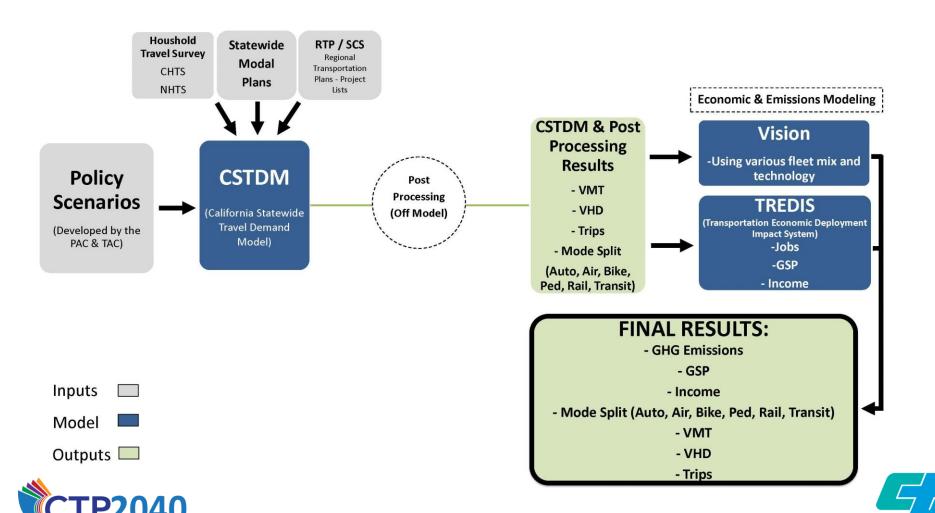
### **Components:**

- MPO Sustainable Communities Strategies (same as Scenario 1).
- Caltrans' Modal Plans (same as Scenario 1).
- Fuel and vehicle technologies (same as Scenario 1).
- CTP 2040 package of GHG reduction transportation strategies (same as Scenario 2).
- A fleet mix of additional future fuel efficiencies and vehicle technologies, as assessed by ARBs Vision for Clean Air model, designed to meet GHG emission reduction goals for 2020 and 2050.

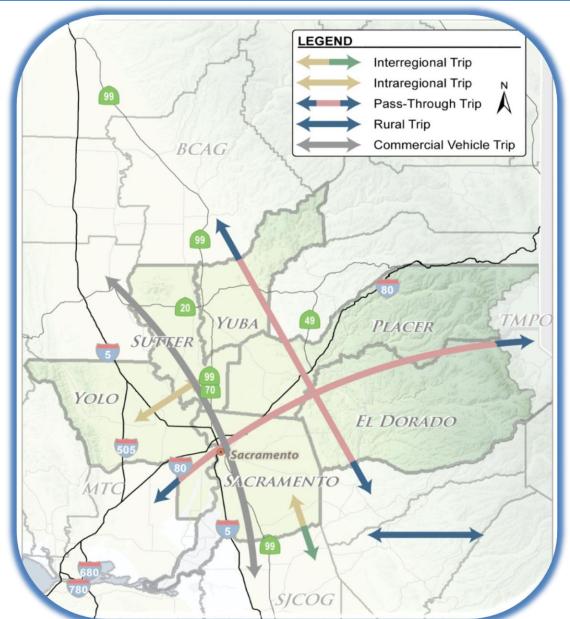


# Modeling our Scenarios





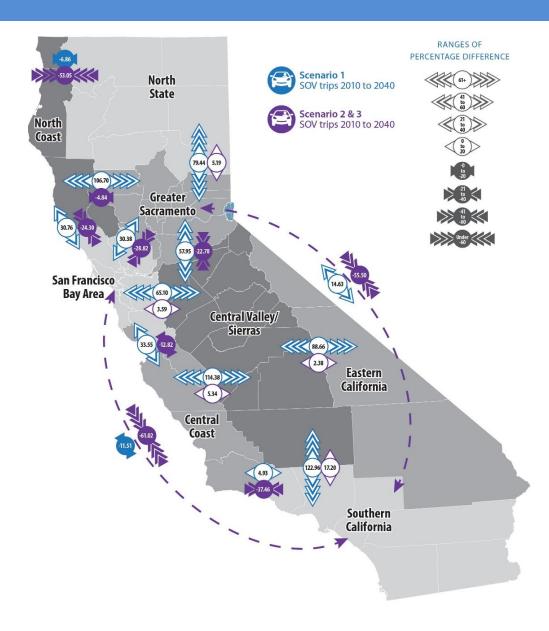
# Trip Types Captured by Statewide Model







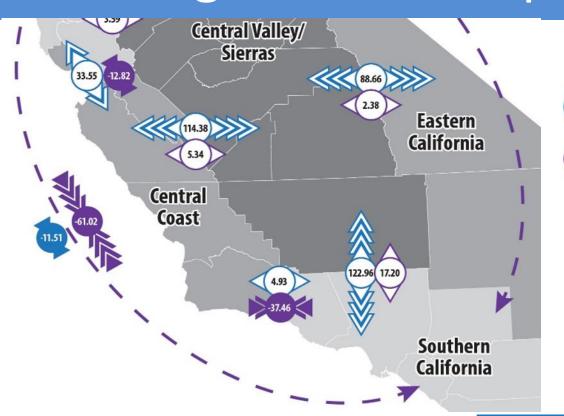
### Interregional SOV Trips Scenario Comparison for 2040







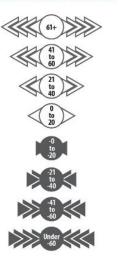
# Interregional SOV Trips – Southern CA



RANGES OF PERCENTAGE DIFFERENCE





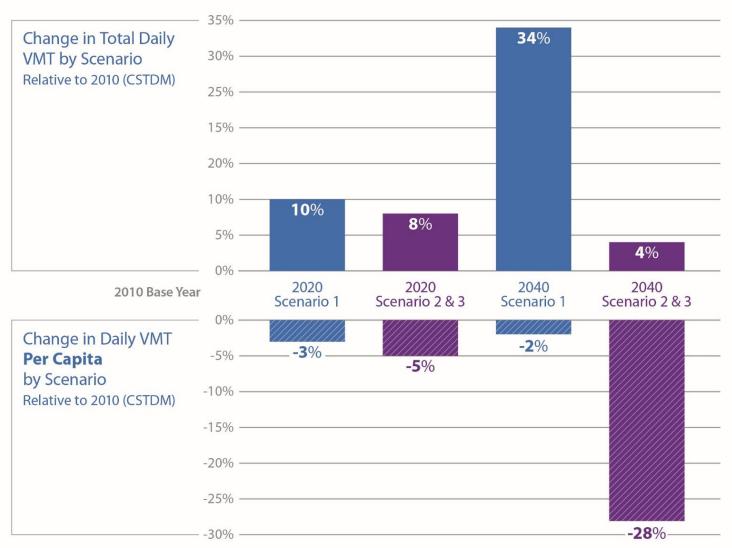


ITSP Regions	Scenario 1 Totals	Scenarios 2 & 3 Totals
San Francisco Bay Area to/from Southern California	-11.51%	-61.02%
Central Valley/Sierras to/from Southern California	122.96%	17.20%
Central Coast to/from Southern California	4.93%	-37.46%





# Change in Total and Per Capita Daily VMT Relative to Scenario 1 2010

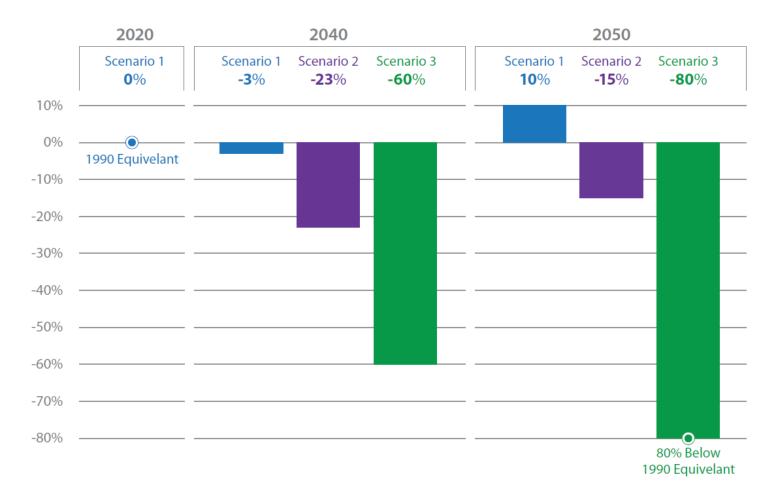






# Transportation GHG Reduction by Scenario

### California Greenhouse Gas Emissions Change







# One Way to Meet the Goals

### **Scenario 3 Assumptions**

### **LDV**

- New vehicle fuel efficiency is four times higher by 2050
- Approximately 20 million LDV ZEVs on the road in 2050

### **HDV**

- New vehicle fuel efficiency is fifty times higher by 2030
- •HDV ZEVs will represent 12% of all sales by 2030







# Chapter 4

### **Achieving Success**







# Chapter 4

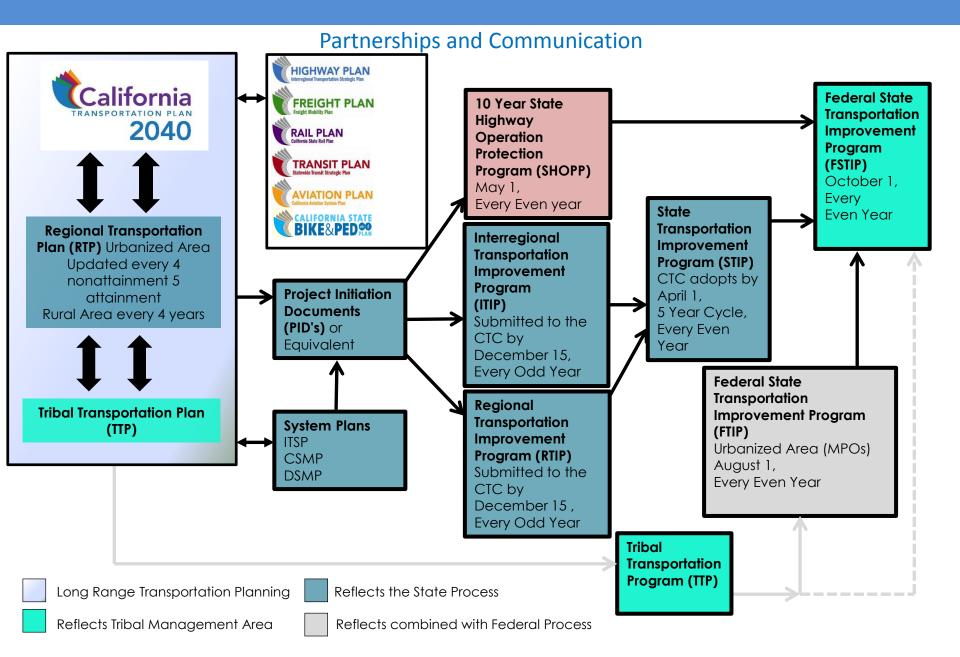
### Implementation Highlights

- Improve transit/complete HSR Phase 1 by 2029
- Fix it First
- Improve efficiency and technologies of highways and roads
- Improve freight efficiency and the economy
- Improve communities
- Reduce transportation-system deaths and injuries
- Expand the use and safety of bike and pedestrian facilities
- Make our vehicles and transportation fuels cleaner
- Improve public health and achieve climate/environmental goals
- Secure permanent, stable, and sufficient transportation revenue





### Transportation Project Planning and Programming





# Where we are, and What's Next

### **CTP Implementation**

- **Summer 2017 –** Finalize priority objectives
- Fall 2017 Adopt Plan
- Fall 2017 to Summer 2018 Monitor and document performance

### **CTP Guidelines**

May 2017 – San Diego CTC Meeting

### **CTP 2050**

December 2020!

# Questions

The CTP is done every \_\_\_\_ years, with a \_\_\_\_ year planning horizon.

2. Is the CTP Financially Constrained?

3. SB 391 asks how Ca. will meet 1990 GHG levels by \_\_\_\_, and 80% below 1990 levels by \_\_\_\_.

# For More Information...



Check out the CTP 2040 Website at: www.californiatransportationplan2040.org



For Questions, Contact: gabriel.corley@dot.ca.gov



